

#### PREDICTION I predict that the amount of evaporation from the treatment will be the highest (i.e., this treatment will lose the most water). a. Control d. Wind (fan) b. Solar radiation (heat lamp) e. Ground cover (moss) c. Infrared ground radiation (heating pad) f. None (they will be the same) MATERIALS • Small plastic container • Ruler Graduated cylinder • Permanent marker • Soil • Scale

# PROCEDURES

- 1. Measure 2 cm from the bottom of the plastic container, and place a mark with the permanent marker.
- 2. Your group will be assigned a treatment and a group number. Write your treatment and group number on the tape on your container and on page 3 of this handout.
- 3. Fill the container with dry soil to the 2 cm mark. Do not pat down

the soil. Take the mass of the container with the dry soil and record the mass on page 3 of this 6. You have been assigned to one of handout.

- 4. Measure 100 mL of water in a graduated cylinder and carefully sprinkle the water on top of the soil in the container. Make sure the water is sprinkled evenly across the top and not poured into one area of the container.
- 5. Take the mass of the container immediately after sprinkling the

water and record it on page 3 of this handout.

- the following treatments. Follow the directions for your treatment.
  - a. **Control**: do not add any other variables.
  - b. Solar radiation (heat lamp): place the container under the heat lamp, approximately 3-6 inches away. Rotate the container 180° daily. The lamp simulates radiation from the sun.

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#### CLIMATE CHANGE AND THE WATER CYCLE 2 EVAPORATION INVESTIGATION

- c. **Infrared ground radiation** (heating pad): place the container on top of the heating pad. Rotate the container daily. The heating pad simulates ground surface radiation.
- d. **Wind** (fan): set the container in front of the fan, and position the fan so that it blows level with the container. Put the fan on the lowest setting. Make sure that no other containers are in the line of the fan. Rotate the container daily. The fan simulates the wind.
- e. **Ground cover** (moss): place moss on top of the soil in patches. Do not cover the soil completely. Make sure all containers have the same percentage of the surface covered. The moss simulates plants covering the soil surface.
- 7. Put the containers in an area that will not be disturbed and that will not allow other variables to affect them (e.g., keep them away from direct sunlight).
- 8. On a daily basis for the following three days, take the mass of the container and record it in the table on page 3 of this handout. If possible, take the mass at the same time each day.
- 9. Obtain data from other groups and record these data on the class mean data table on page 3 of this handout. Calculate the mean mass of water loss for each treatment.

10. Make a bar graph of the mean mass of water loss for each treatment on page 4 of this handout.

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# DATA & ANALYSIS

Group number: \_\_\_\_\_

Treatment: \_\_\_\_\_

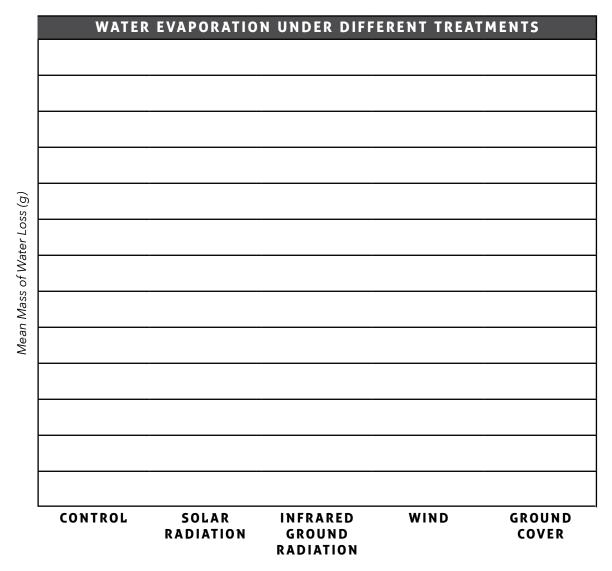
Mass of container with dry soil: \_\_\_\_\_

Mass of container after sprinkling water: \_\_\_\_\_

YOUR GROUP'S DATA TABLE						
	MASS (G)	DAILY WATER LOSS (previous day's mass minus current day's mass)				
DAY ONE						
DAY TWO						
DAY THREE						
DAY FOUR						
TOTAL WATER LOSS (G)						

CLASS MEAN DATA TABLE					
TOTAL MASS OF WATER LOSS (G)					
GROUP/ REPLICATE	CONTROL	SOLAR RADIATION	INFRARED GROUND RADIATION	WIND	GROUND COVER
1					
2					
3					
4					
5					
6					
7					
8					
9					
10					
11					
12					
MEAN					

# BAR GRAPH OF CLASS MEAN DATA



# RESULTS

1. Looking at the class mean data table and bar graph, which treatment had the highest mean water loss? (Circle one.)

a. Control	d. Wind
b. Solar radiation	e. Ground cover
c. Infrared ground radiation	f. None (they were the same)

### CONCLUSIONS

1. Turn back to the first page and review your prediction. Was your prediction correct? Use the mean mass of water loss from the class mean data table and bar graph to answer.

Yes / No

2. After examining the results, summarize your conclusions about this experiment.

- 3. Use what you found in this experiment regarding the effects of several factors on the rate of evaporation and your knowledge of the climate change, the water cycle, and evaporation to answer these questions.
  - a. What effect(s) does climate change have on the rate of evaporation from Earth?

b. How do you think the effect(s) of climate change on the rate of evaporation (from question a. above) is changing the water cycle?